सवाई माधोपुर में कम शक्ति टी०वी० टावर स्थापित किया जाना

1583. **डा० अबरार अहमद :** **सूचना और प्रसारण** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री ने आकाशवाणी के सवाई माधोपुर केन्द्र का उद्घाटन करते हुए सवाई माधोपुर शहर में कम शक्ति का एक टी०वी० टावर लगाने की घोषणा की थी ; यदि हां, तो यह टावर कब तक लगा दिया जाएगा और इस संबंध में अब तक क्या प्रगति हुई है ; और

(ख) क्या सरकार को यह जानकारी है कि सवाई माधोपुर शहर के पहाड़ियों से घिरे होने के कारण इस शहर के लोग दूरदर्शन के कार्यक्रमों को देख नहीं पाते है ; यदि हां, तो लोगों के लाभ के लिए इस समस्या का समाधान कब तक किए जाने की संभावना है ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय में उप मंत्री (कुमारी गिरिजा व्यास) : (क) और (ख) सरकार को इस बात की जानकारी है कि पहाड़ियों से घिरे होने के कारण सवाई माधोपुर के अल्प-शक्ति टी०वी० ट्रांसमीटर की कवरेज सीमित है । व्यापक कवरेज प्रदान करने के लिए केन्द्र के स्थायी स्थान पर ट्रांसमीटर की इमारत का निर्माण कार्य तथा 50 मीटर ऊंचा मास्ट लगाने का काम पूरा हो चुका है । सवाई माधोपुर के मौजूदा ट्रांसमीटर को दो महीने के अंदर वर्तमान स्थल पर ले जाए जाने की योजना है । फिलहाल, सवाई माधोपुर शहर में एक और ट्रांसमीटर लगाने की कोई अनुमोदत स्कीम नहीं है ।

Committee to review performance of News Readers

1584. SHRI CHHOTUBHAI PATEL: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there is a committee to review the performance of news readers of Doordarshan;

(b) if so, the findings of the committee and Government's reaction thereto;

(c) whether Government propose to have a similar committee for reviewing the performance of news readers of A.I.R.; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (KUMARI GIRIJA VYAS): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) and (d) The performance of the news readers of All India Radio is constantly reviewed and closely monitored through an inbuilt system on a regular basis.

Production of Films by Private Producers

1585. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) what is number of private producers, who have been empanelled with Films Division at present;

(b) what is number of the films assigned for production to private producers during the year 1991-92; and

(c) what is the total amount spent by the Films Division for this purpose?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (KUMARI GIRIJA VYAS): (a) At present, Films Division has 208 private producers empanelled with them. However, the recently constituted Panel Committee has recommended the names of 244 private producers for empanelment.

(b) During 1991-92 Films Division assigned 16 films to private producers on contract basis which included 9 featurettes and 7 documentary films.

(c) The total amount spent during the year 1991-92 for the production of films through private producers by Films Division was Rs. 60,37,279/- which included expenditure on the films which were carried over from the previous years.

Ramanujam Committee recommendations

1586. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:
SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:
SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state the decisions taken by Government on the basis of Ramanujam Committee recommendations for restructuring the labour laws and improving industrial relations; indicating the recommendations on which no decision or action has so far been taken and also those rejected by Government?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): The report of the Ramanujam Committee on new industrial relations law is not entirely unanimous. The report was considered by the 40th Labour Ministers' Conference held in New Delhi on 6-2-1992. The Conference decided that the decommendations of the Committee which are unanimous may be accepted and a Group of five State Labour Ministers may be appointed to examine the areas of disagreement in the said report with a view to arriving at a consensus. In pursuance of this decision a Group consisting of Labour Ministers of Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Tamil Nadu, Maharashtra and Andhra Pradesh under the chairmanship of Minister of State for Coal and Labour has been constituted. The Group met on 25th April and 1st June 1992 and discussed the contentious issues in the Ramanujan Committee Report. The Group has yet to finalise its report for consideration by the Indian Labour Conference scheduled to be held in August, 1992.

Hike in retrenchment and closure benefits to Workers

1587. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a Government panel has suggested hike in retrenchment and closure benefits to industrial workers of the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the names of the States where new scheme has been accepted and names of those States which have not accepted the scheme with the reasons thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) to (c) The 40th Labour Ministers Conference held on 6.2.1992 decided to constitute a Group of Labour Ministers of five States under the chairmahsnip of Union Minister of State for Coal and Labour to further consider the recommendations of the bipartite committee on new Industrial Relations Legislation which was headed by Shri G. Ramanujam and had submitted its report earlier to the Government. The Group of Labour Ministers in their meeting held on 1st June 1992 decided to recommend, *inter alia*, that the compensation to workers be increased from 15 to 45 days wages' in the case of closure and retrenchment for every completed year of continuous service. The group is yet to finalise its report for consideration by the Indian Labour Conference scheduled to be held in the last week of August, 1992.

Violation of Labour Laws in Stone Quarries in M.P.

1588. SHRI MOHAMMED AFZAL alias MEEM AFZAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the report